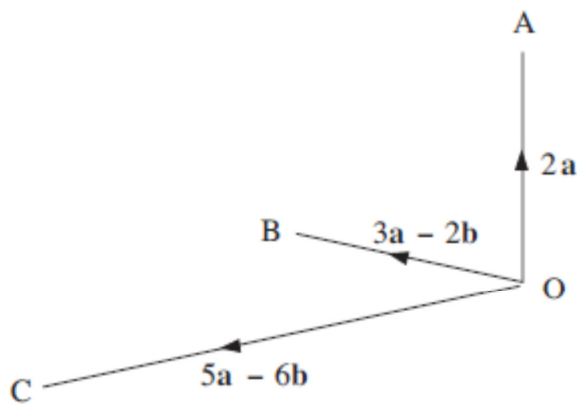


Albert Town High School  
Mathematics Practice Paper – Vectors 2

Answer all questions

1.



In the diagram  $\overrightarrow{OA} = 2a$ ,  $\overrightarrow{OB} = 3a - 2b$  and  $\overrightarrow{OC} = 5a - 6b$ . Express in terms of  $a$  and  $b$ , as simple as possible

- a.  $\overrightarrow{AB}$
- b.  $\overrightarrow{BC}$
- c. What do your answers to part (a) tell you about the points A, B and C? Give a reason for your answer.

2.

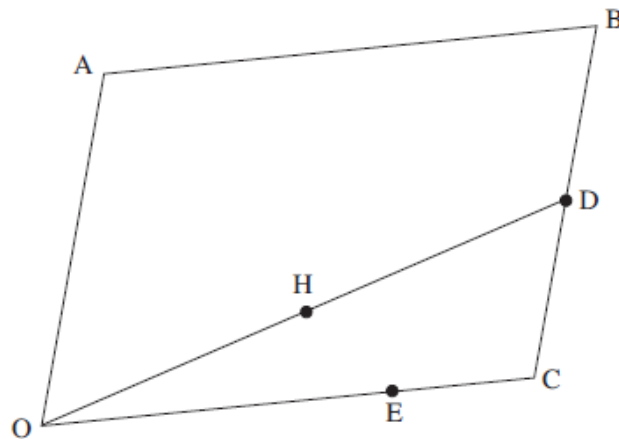
OABC is a parallelogram.

D is the midpoint of CB.

H is the midpoint of OD.

$$\overrightarrow{OE} = \frac{2}{3}\overrightarrow{OC}$$

Vector  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and vector  $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$ .



(a) Express, in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{c}$ ,

(i)  $\overrightarrow{OD}$ ,

(ii)  $\overrightarrow{AE}$

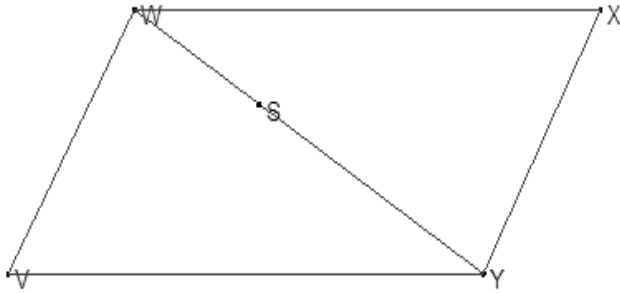
(iii)  $\overrightarrow{HE}$

(5 marks)

(b) Show that  $\overrightarrow{AE} + 4\overrightarrow{HE}$  and explain what this proves about the points A, H and E.

(2 marks)

3.  $WXYV$  is a parallelogram in which  $\overrightarrow{VY} = \mathbf{a}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{VW} = \mathbf{b}$  and  $WS : WY = 1 : 2$



Write in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{b}$  an expression for

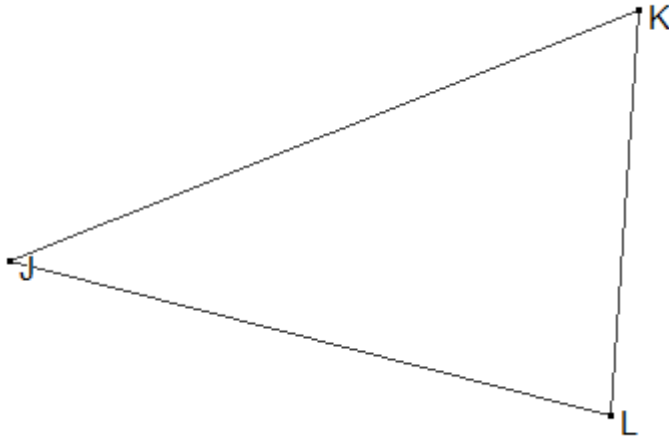
(a)  $\overrightarrow{WY}$

(b)  $\overrightarrow{WS}$

(c)  $\overrightarrow{SX}$

- (d)  $\mathbf{R}$  is the midpoint of  $\overrightarrow{VW}$ . Prove that  $\mathbf{R}$ ,  $\mathbf{S}$  and  $\mathbf{X}$  are collinear

4. The diagram below, not drawn to scale shows triangle  $\mathbf{JKL}$ .



$\mathbf{M}$  and  $\mathbf{N}$  are points on  $\mathbf{JK}$  and  $\mathbf{JL}$  respectively, such that  $JM = \frac{1}{3}JK$  and  $JN = \frac{1}{3}JL$

- (i) Copy and complete the diagram showing the points  $\mathbf{M}$  and  $\mathbf{N}$
- (ii) Given that  $\overrightarrow{JM} = u$  and  $\overrightarrow{JN} = v$  write in terms of  $u$  and  $v$ , an expression for
- $\overrightarrow{JK}$
  - $\overrightarrow{MN}$
  - $\overrightarrow{KL}$
- (iii) Using your findings in b(ii), deduce TWO geometrical relationships between  $\mathbf{KL}$  and  $\mathbf{MN}$

This paper becomes due on Thursday November 17, 2011

You are strongly advised to do this paper